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REMARKS

Applicant appreciates the Examiner's thorough consideration provided in the

present application. Claims 1-20 are currently pending in the instant application.

Claims 1, 6, 11 and 16 have been amended. Claims 1, 6, 11 and 16 are independent.

Reconsideration of the present application is earnestly solicited.

Reasons for Entry of Amendments

It is respectfully requested that the present amendments be entered into the

official file in view of the fact that the amendments to the claims automatically place the

present application into condition for allowance. In the alternative, if the Examiner does

not believe that the application is in condition for allowance, it is respectfully requested

that the amendments be entered for the purposes of appeal. The amendments to the

claims simplify the issues on appeal by clarifying that the image-handling of the portion

image data is performed by using incidental information so that the image-handling is

performed while the portion image data remains encrypted.

Applicant submits that the amendments to the independent claims do not raise

any new issues, since the claims as presented in the Amendment dated March 1, 2004

recited above aspect of the present invention. Specifically, the independent claims

previously recited that the portion image data remains encrypted during the image-

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handling. The above-amendments to the independent claims have been presented to

clarify the present invention.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 1-20 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

lizuka, U.S. Patent No. 5,664,030 in view of Mast, U.S. Patent No. 5,881,287, and

further in view of Wootton et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,870,471. This rejection is

respectfully traversed.

The present invention is directed to an image encrypting method and device and

a recording medium on which image encrypting procedures or an encrypted image file

is recorded. Independent claim 1 of the present invention is directed to the image

encrypting method and recites a combination of process steps including "a fourth

process of encrypting every said portion image data to provide every said portion image

data with security so that unauthorized access to the portion image data cannot be

obtained without decrypting." In addition, independent claim 1 recites "wherein image-

handling of said portion image data is performed by using said incidental information so

that the image-handling is performed while said portion image data remains encrypted."

Applicant submits that the combination of references relied on by the Examiner fail to

teach or suggest the presently claimed invention as recited in independent claim 1.

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The Examiner considers the "encoding" and "scrambling" of lizuka to read on the

encrypting of the present invention (see paragraph 4 of the Examiner's Office Action).

This interpretation is respectfully traversed. Specifically, the alleged "encrypting" of

lizuka is actually an encoding process that is not analogous to the encrypting of the

portion image data "to provide every said portion image data with security so that

unauthorized access to the portion image data cannot be obtained without decryption"

as recited in independent claim 1 of the present invention. Since the lizuka reference is

not directed to encryption, Applicant submits that this reference fails to disclose this

aspect of the presently claimed invention.

In the prior art of record relied upon by the Examiner, encoding of image data is

not for security purposes, but is a change in format that allows the image on a recording

medium to be properly read by a particular device. In contrast, encryption prevents the

image data from being recognized by a particular device unless access to the image

data is authorized. Referring to page 1 of the present specification, a public key system

or a common key system are examples of conventional encryption methods.

In summary, the lizuka reference is directed to a method and apparatus for

recording/reproducing image data, which includes error checking codes that are added

to a recording medium in order to cope with the partial destruction of a scanned image.

However, the lizuka reference is silent with regard to encryption of image data as in the

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present invention. In view of this, the lizuka reference fails to teach or suggest the

present invention as recited in claim 1.

Referring to page 3, lines 7-9 of the Examiner's Office Action, it appears that the

Examiner is in agreement with Applicant that the Iizuka reference fails to disclose

encryption; however, the Examiner relies on the Mast reference in order to modify the

lizuka reference to arrive at the presently claimed invention. Applicant respectfully

submits that the modification proposed by the Examiner would not have been obvious to

one having ordinary skill in the art. In addition, Applicant submits that even if the

modification were obvious, a fact that Applicant does not agree with, the modification

would not arrive at the presently claimed invention.

Referring to the Mast reference, this reference is directed to a method and

apparatus for copy protection of images in a computer system. Referring to page 3, fifth

full paragraph of the Examiner's Office Action, the Examiner asserts that Mast discloses

a "process of encrypting every portion image data to provide every portion image data

with security so that unauthorized access to the portion image data cannot be executed

without using the incidental information." The Examiner refers to column 3, lines 50-57

and column 5, lines 26-32 of Mast for this teaching. However, this portion of Mast is

silent with regard to using incidental information to handle images as in the presently

claimed invention. In view of this, it appears that the Examiner's rationale for modifying

the lizuka reference is misplaced. Applicant therefore submits that it would not be

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obvious to modify the lizuka reference as asserted by the Examiner. Reconsideration

and withdrawal of the Examiner's rejection are therefore requested.

An advantageous feature of the presently claimed invention is that it enables a

device to respond to a request for transmission for a portion of an image due to

information incidental to the image, e.g., even if the device is not authorized to decrypt

the encrypted image file. In view of this, it is possible to perform image-handling so that

the image-handling is performed while the portion image data remains encrypted.

Applicant submits that the devices of lizuka and Mast clearly do not teach or suggest

this beneficial effect.

With regard to the lizuka reference, since this reference is not directed to

encryption, this reference certainly does not teach or suggest handling images while

images are encrypted.

With regard to the Mast reference, this reference only discloses encryption of an

image. There is no disclosure in this reference of handling images while the images are

encrypted as recited in the presently claimed invention. In view of this, the Mast

reference fails to make up for the deficiencies of lizuka.

While not conceding to the appropriateness of the Examiner's rejection, but

merely to expedite prosecution of the present application, independent claim 1 of the

present invention has been amended to recite "wherein image-handling of said portion

image data is performed by using said incidental information so that the image-handling

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is performed while said portion image data remains encrypted." Applicants respectfully

submit that the above amendment to independent claim 1 merely clarifies what was

previously recited in claim 1. Specifically, in the presently claimed invention, the image-

handling can be performed while the portion image data remains encrypted, since

"image-handling of said portion image data is performed by using the incidental

information."

Referring to page 4, line 5 of the Examiner's Office Action, the Examiner appears

to recognize that the combination of lizuka and Mast fail to disclose image-handling of

the portion image data so that the image-handling is performed while the portion image

image data remains encrypted. However, the Examiner modifies the combination of

lizuka and Mast in view of Wootton et al. in order to handle the portion image data while

the portion image data remains encrypted. Applicant respectfully submits that this

modification by the Examiner is unreasonable. First, Applicant submits that the Wootton

et al. reference does not disclose portion image data remaining encrypted during image

handling as asserted by the Examiner. Second, Applicant submits that there is

insufficient motivation in the references to modify the combination of lizuka and Mast in

the manner proposed by the Examiner.

With regard to the Wootton et al. reference, the Examiner refers to column 2,

lines 12-31 and column 7, lines 3-10 for a teaching of handling encrypted portion image

data. The Wootton et al. reference fails to disclose this aspect of the presently claimed

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invention. Referring to column 2, lines 6-12 of Wootton et al., it is disclosed that

Wootton et al. is directed to a method of <u>authentication</u> of visual images. Although it is

also disclosed in Wootton et al. that the visual images may be encrypted, this reference

appears to be silent about the encrypted visual images remaining encrypted during

image handling as recited in the independent claims of the present invention.

With regard to column 2, lines 8-10 of Wootton et al., it is stated "if the image is

transmitted from one location to another." In addition, it is stated at column 7, line 10

"regardless of its subsequent use." However, Wootton et al. does not specifically state

that the image handling occurs while the visual images remain encrypted as in the

presently claimed invention. It is entirely possible that the visual images are decrypted

and encrypted prior to and after transmission from one location to another or any

subsequent use.

With regard to column 2, lines 12-18 of Wootton et al., it is disclosed that a

portion of the image is encrypted "at the time the image is produced" and the encrypted

portion is maintained with the entire image. However, it is also disclosed at this portion

of Wootton et al. that the portion image data is maintained "for subsequent

authentication of the image." It is not disclosed that the subsequent authentication is

after some image handling while the encrypted image remains encrypted. It is entirely

possible that the "subsequent authentication" is an authentication of the original

encrypted image data.

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With regard to column 2, lines 19-31 of Wootton et al., it is disclosed that the

image data is encrypted in a certain way; however, there is no indication that image

handling occurs while the image data is encrypted.

To the extent the Examiner still believes that the Wootton et al. reference

discloses the handling of image data while the image data remains encrypted, a fact

that Applicant does not agree with for the above reasons, Applicant submits that the

Examiner's modification of the combination of lizuka and Mast is unreasonable. The

lizuka. Mast and Wootton et al. references are directed to entirely different fields of

endeavor. Iizuka is directed to encoding, Mast is directed gto encryption and Wootton

et al. is directed to authentication. In view of this, Applicants submit that the Examiner

is conducting prohibited hindsight.

In view of the above, Applicant submits that the Wootton et al. reference fails to

make up for the deficiencies of lizuka and Mast. Accordingly, independent claim 1 is

non-obvious over the combination of references relied on by the Examiner.

With regard to independent claims 6, 11 and 16, these claims also recited that

the image handling is performed by using the incidental information so that the image-

handling is performed while the portion image data remains encrypted as recited in

independent claim 1 of the present invention. Accordingly, these claims are allowable

for the same reasons mentioned above with regard to independent claim 1.

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With regard to dependent claims 2-5, 7-10, 12-15 and 17-20, Applicant

respectfully submits that these claims are allowable due to their respective dependence

on independent claims 1, 6, 11 and 16, as well as due to the additional recitations in

these claims.

With specific regard to dependent claim 4, for example, this claim recites that the

incidental information is also encrypted. The Examiner asserts that the lizuka and Mast

references disclose encrypting portion image data and incidental information (see page

5, second full paragraph of the Examiner's Office Action); however, Applicant submits

that the lizuka does not disclose encryption and column 7, lines 21-26 of Mast do not

disclose encrypting incidental information. Accordingly, the Examiner's rejection of

claim 4 is improper and should be withdrawn.

In view of the above amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully submits

that claims 1-20 clearly define the present invention over the references relied on by the

Examiner. Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the Examiner's rejection

under 35 U.S.C. § 103 are respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

Since the remaining references cited by the Examiner have not been utilized to

reject the claims, but merely to show the state-of- the-art, no further comments are

deemed necessary with respect thereto.

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All the stated grounds of rejection have been properly traversed and/or rendered

moot. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner reconsider all

presently pending rejections and that they be withdrawn.

It is believed that a full and complete response has been made to the Office

Action, and that as such, the Examiner is respectfully requested to send the application

to Issue.

Applicant respectfully petitions under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) and §

1.17 for a three-month extension of time in which to respond to the Examiner's Office

Action. The Extension of Time Fee in the amount of \$980.00 is attached hereto.

In the event there are any matters remaining in this application, the Examiner is

invited to contact Paul C. Lewis, Registration No. 43,368 at (703) 205-8000 in the

Washington, D.C. area.

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If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§1.16 or 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

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